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WARNING
Read and understand this entire Operating Manual and your employer’s safety practices before installing, operating, or servicing the equipment.

WARNING
While the information contained in this Operating Manual represents our best judgement, Thermal Dynamics Corporation assumes no liability for its use.

Thermal Arc Models 130 GTS & S CC/TIG Welder
Operating Manual Number 0-2620

Published by:
Thermal Dynamics Corporation
Industrial Park No. 2
West Lebanon, New Hampshire, USA 03784
(603) 298-5711

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July 1, 1997
1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.01 NOTES, CAUTIONS AND WARNINGS

Throughout this manual, notes, cautions, and warnings are used to highlight important information. These highlights are categorized as follows:

**NOTE**
An operation, procedure, or background information which requires additional emphasis or is helpful in efficient operation of the system.

**CAUTION**
A procedure which, if not properly followed, may cause damage to the equipment.

**WARNING**
A procedure which, if not properly followed, may cause injury to the operator or others in the operating area.
1.02 IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF PLASMA ARC EQUIPMENT CAN BE DANGEROUS AND HAZARDOUS TO YOUR HEALTH.

To prevent possible injury, read, understand and follow all warnings, safety precautions and instructions before using the equipment. Call 1-603-298-5711 or your local distributor if you have any questions.

GASES AND FUMES

Gases and fumes produced during the plasma cutting process can be dangerous and hazardous to your health.

- Keep all fumes and gases from the breathing area. Keep your head out of the welding fume plume.
- Use an air-supplied respirator if ventilation is not adequate to remove all fumes and gases.
- The kinds of fumes and gases from the plasma arc depend on the kind of metal being used, coatings on the metal, and the different processes. You must be very careful when cutting or welding any metals which may contain one or more of the following:
  - Antimony
  - Arsenic
  - Barium
  - Beryllium
  - Cadmium
  - Chromium
  - Cobalt
  - Copper
  - Lead
  - Manganese

- Always read the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) that should be supplied with the material you are using. These MSDSs will give you the information regarding the kind and amount of fumes and gases that may be dangerous to your health.
- For information on how to test for fumes and gases in your workplace, refer to item 1 in the Publications Section in this manual.
- Use special equipment, such as water or down draft cutting tables, to capture fumes and gases.
- Do not use the plasma torch in an area where combustible or explosive gases or materials are located.
- Phosgene, a toxic gas, is generated from the vapors of chlorinated solvents and cleansers. Remove all sources of these vapors.
IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS (CONTINUED)

ELECTRIC SHOCK

Electric Shock can injure or kill. The plasma arc process uses and produces high voltage electrical energy. This electric energy can cause severe or fatal shock to the operator or others in the workplace.

• Never touch any parts that are electrically “live” or “hot.”

• Wear dry gloves and clothing. Insulate yourself from the work piece or other parts of the welding circuit.

• Repair or replace all worn or damaged parts.

• Extra care must be taken when the workplace is moist or damp.

• Install and maintain equipment according to NEC code, refer to item 4 in the Publications section of this manual.

• Disconnect power source before performing any service or repairs.

• Read and follow all the instructions in the Operating Manual.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION

Fire and explosion can be caused by hot slag, sparks, or the plasma arc.

• Be sure there is no combustible or flammable material in the workplace. Any material that cannot be removed must be protected.

• Ventilate all flammable or explosive vapors from the workplace.

• Do not cut or weld on containers that may have held combustibles.

• Provide a fire watch when working in an area where fire hazards may exist.

• Hydrogen gas may be formed and trapped under aluminum workpieces when they are cut underwater or while using a water table. DO NOT cut aluminum alloys underwater or on a water table unless the hydrogen gas can be eliminated or dissipated. Trapped hydrogen gas that is ignited will cause an explosion.

NOISE

Noise can cause permanent hearing loss. Plasma arc processes can cause noise levels to exceed safe limits. You must protect your ears from loud noise to prevent permanent loss of hearing.

• To protect your hearing from loud noise, wear protective ear plugs and/or ear muffs. Protect others in the workplace.

• Noise levels should be measured to be sure the decibels (sound) do not exceed safe levels.

• For information on how to test for noise, see item 1 in the Publications section of this manual.
IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS (CONTINUED)

PLASMA ARC RAYS

Plasma Arc Rays can injure your eyes and burn your skin. The plasma arc process produces very bright ultra violet and infra red light. These arc rays will damage your eyes and burn your skin if you are not properly protected.

- To protect your eyes, always wear a welding helmet or shield. Also always wear safety glasses with side shields, goggles or other protective eye wear.

- Wear welding gloves and suitable clothing to protect your skin from the arc rays and sparks.

- Keep helmet and safety glasses in good condition. Replace lenses when cracked, chipped or dirty.

- Protect others in the work area from the arc rays. Use protective booths, screens or shields.

- Use the shade of lens as recommended in the Operating Manual.
Refer to the following standards or their latest revisions for more information:


2. ANSI Standard Z49.1, SAFETY IN WELDING AND CUTTING, obtainable from the American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd, Miami, FL 33126


4. ANSI Standard Z87.1, SAFE PRACTICES FOR OCCUPATION AND EDUCATIONAL EYE AND FACE PROTECTION, obtainable from American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018

5. ANSI Standard Z41.1, STANDARD FOR MEN’S SAFETY-TOE FOOTWEAR, obtainable from the American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018

6. ANSI Standard Z49.2, FIRE PREVENTION IN THE USE OF CUTTING AND WELDING PROCESSES, obtainable from American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018

7. AWS Standard A6.0, WELDING AND CUTTING CONTAINERS WHICH HAVE HELD COMBUSTIBLES, obtainable from American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd, Miami, FL 33126

8. NFPA Standard 51, OXYGEN-FUEL GAS SYSTEMS FOR WELDING, CUTTING AND ALLIED PROCESSES, obtainable from the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269

9. NFPA Standard 70, NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, obtainable from the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269

10. NFPA Standard 51B, CUTTING AND WELDING PROCESSES, obtainable from the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269

11. CGA Pamphlet P-1, SAFE HANDLING OF COMPRESSED GASES IN CYLINDERS, obtainable from the Compressed Gas Association, 1235 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 501, Arlington, VA 22202

12. CSA Standard W117.2, CODE FOR SAFETY IN WELDING AND CUTTING, obtainable from the Canadian Standards Association, Standards Sales, 178 Rexdale Boulevard, Rexdale, Ontario, Canada M9W 1R3

13. NWSA booklet, WELDING SAFETY BIBLIOGRAPHY obtainable from the National Welding Supply Association, 1900 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103


15. ANSI Standard Z88.2, PRACTICE FOR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION, obtainable from American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018
## 1.04 NOTE, ATTENTION ET AVERTISSEMENT

Dans ce manuel, les mots “note,” “attention,” et “avertissement” sont utilisés pour mettre en relief des informations à caractère important. Ces mises en relief sont classifiées comme suit :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>NOTET</strong></th>
<th>Toute opération, procédure ou renseignement général sur lequel il importe d’insister davantage ou qui contribue à l’efficacité de fonctionnement du système.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ATTENTION</strong></td>
<td>Toute procédure pouvant résulter l’endommagement du matériel en cas de non-respect de la procédure en question.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AVERTISSEMENT</strong></td>
<td>Toute procédure pouvant provoquer des blessures de l’opérateur ou des autres personnes se trouvant dans la zone de travail en cas de non-respect de la procédure en question.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
AVERTISSEMENT
1.05 PRECAUTIONS DE SECURITE IMPORTANTES

L’OPÉRATION ET LA MAINTENANCE DU MATÉRIEL DE SOUDAGE À L’ARC AU JET DE PLASMA PEUVENT PRÉSENTER DES RISQUES ET DES DANGERS DE SANTÉ.

Il faut communiquer aux opérateurs et au personnel TOUS les dangers possibles. Afin d’éviter les blessures possibles, lisez, comprenez et suivez tous les avertissements, toutes les précautions de sécurité et toutes les consignes avant d’utiliser le matériel. Composez le + 603-298-5711 ou votre distributeur local si vous avez des questions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FUMÉE et GAZ</th>
<th>La fumée et les gaz produits par le procédé de jet de plasma peuvent présenter des risques et des dangers de santé.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Eloignez toute fumée et gaz de votre zone de respiration. Gardez votre tête hors de la plume de fumée provenant du chalumeau.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Utilisez un appareil respiratoire à alimentation en air si l’aération fournie ne permet pas d’éliminer la fumée et les gaz.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Les sortes de gaz et de fumée provenant de l’arc de plasma dépendent du genre de métal utilisé, des revêtements se trouvant sur le métal et des différents procédés. Vous devez prendre soin lorsque vous coupez ou soudez tout métal pouvant contenir un ou plusieurs des éléments suivants:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- antimoine    - cadmium    - mercure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- argent       - chrome      - nickel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- arsenic      - cobalt      - plomb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- baryum       - cuivre      - sélénium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- beryllium    - manganèse  - vanadium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Lisez toujours les fiches de données sur la sécurité des matières (sigle américain “MSDS”); celles-ci devraient être fournies avec le matériel que vous utilisez. Les MSDS contiennent des renseignements quant à la quantité et la nature de la fumée et des gaz pouvant poser des dangers de santé.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Pour des informations sur la manière de tester la fumée et les gaz de votre lieu de travail, consultez l’article 1 et les documents cités à la page 11.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Utilisez un équipement spécial tel que des tables de coupe à débit d’eau ou à courant descendant pour capter la fumée et les gaz.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• N’utilisez pas le chalumeau au jet de plasma dans une zone où se trouvent des matières ou des gaz combustibles ou explosifs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Le phosgène, un gaz toxique, est généré par la fumée provenant des solvants et des produits de nettoyage chlorés. Eliminez toute source de telle fumée.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
PRECAUTIONS DE SECURITE IMPORTANTES

CHOC ELECTRIQUE


• Ne touchez jamais une pièce “sous tension” ou “vive”; portez des gants et des vêtements secs. Isolez-vous de la pièce de travail ou des autres parties du circuit de soudage.

• Réparez ou remplacez toute pièce usée ou endommagée.

• Prenez des soins particuliers lorsque la zone de travail est humide ou moite.

• Montez et maintenez le matériel conformément au Code électrique national des Etats-Unis. (Voir la page 6, article 9.)

• Débranchez l’alimentation électrique avant tout travail d’entretien ou de réparation.

• Lisez et respectez toutes les consignes du Manuel de consignes.

INCENDIE ET EXPLOSION

Les incendies et les explosions peuvent résulter des scories chaudes, des étincelles ou de l’arc de plasma. Le procédé à l’arc de plasma produit du métal, des étincelles, des scories chaudes pouvant mettre le feu aux matières combustibles ou provoquer l’explosion de fumées inflammables.

• Soyez certain qu’aucune matière combustible ou inflammable ne se trouve sur le lieu de travail. Protégez toute telle matière qu’il est impossible de retirer de la zone de travail.

• Procurez une bonne aération de toutes les fumées inflammables ou explosives.

• Ne coupez pas et ne soudez pas les conteneurs ayant pu renfermer des matières combustibles.

• Prévoyez une veille d’incendie lors de tout travail dans une zone présentant des dangers d’incendie.

• Le gas hydrogène peut se former ou s’accumuler sous les pièces de travail en aluminium lors quelles sont coupées sous l’eau ou sur une table d’eau. NE PAS couper les alliages en aluminium sous l’eau ou sur une table d’eau à mains que le gas hydrogène peut s’échapper ou se dissiper. Le gas hydrogène accumulé explosera si enflammé.
RAYONS D’ARC DE PLASMA

Les rayons provenant de l’arc de plasma peuvent blesser vos yeux et brûler votre peau. Le procédé à l’arc de plasma produit une lumière infra-rouge et des rayons ultra-violets très forts. Ces rayons d’arc nuiront à vos yeux et brûleront votre peau si vous ne vous protégez pas correctement.

• Pour protéger vos yeux, portez toujours un casque ou un écran de soudeur. Portez toujours des lunettes de sécurité munies de parois latérales ou des lunettes de protection ou une autre sorte de protection oculaire.

• Portez des gants de soudeur et un vêtement protecteur approprié pour protéger votre peau contre les étincelles et les rayons de l’arc.

• Maintenez votre casque et vos lunettes de protection en bon état. Remplacez toute lentille sale ou comportant fissure ou rognure.

• Protégez les autres personnes se trouvant sur la zone de travail contre les rayons de l’arc en fournissant des cabines ou des écrans de protection.

• Respectez le teint de lentille recommandé dans le manuel de consignes.

BRUIT


• Pour protéger votre ouïe contre les bruits forts, portez des tampons protecteurs et/ou des protections auriculaires. Protégez également les autres personnes se trouvant sur le lieu de travail.

• Il faut mesurer les niveaux sonores afin d’assurer que les décibels (le bruit) ne dépassent pas les niveaux sûrs.

• Pour des renseignements sur la manière de tester le bruit, consultez l’article 1, page 11.
Consultez les normes suivantes ou les révisions les plus récentes ayant été faites à celles-ci pour de plus amples renseignements :


5. Norme ANSI Z41.1, NORMES POUR LES CHAUSSURES PROTECTRICES, disponible auprès de l’American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018


8. Norme 51 de l’Association Américaine pour la Protection contre les Incendies (NFPA), LES SYSTEMES À GAZ AVEC ALIMENTATION EN OXYGENE POUR LE SOUDAGE, LA COUPE ET LES PROCEDES ASSOCIES, disponible auprès de la National Fire Protection Association, Batteryrmarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269

9. Norme 70 de la NFPA, CODE ELECTRIQUE NATIONAL, disponible auprès de la National Fire Protection Association, Batteryrmarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269

10. Norme 51B de la NFPA, LES PROCÉDÉS DE COUPE ET DE SOUDAGE, disponible auprès de la National Fire Protection Association, Batteryrmarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269


13. ivret NWSA, BIBLIOGRAPHIE SUR LA SÉCURITÉ DU SOUDAGE, disponible auprès de l’Association Nationale de Fournitures de Soudage (National Welding Supply Association), 1900 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103


1.07 DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Manufacturer: Thermal Dynamics Corporation
Address: Industrial Park #2
West Lebanon, New Hampshire 03784
USA

The equipment described in this manual conforms to all applicable aspects and regulations of the ‘Low Voltage Directive’ (European Council Directive 73/23/EU, as recently changed in Directive 93/63/EU) and to the National legislation for the enforcement of this Directive.

The equipment described in this manual conforms to all applicable aspects and regulations of the “EMC Directive” (European Council Directive 89/336/EEC) and to the National legislation for the enforcement of this Directive.

Serial numbers are unique with each individual piece of equipment and details description, parts used to manufacture a unit and date of manufacture.

National Standard and Technical Specifications

The product is designed and manufactured to a number of standards and technical requirements among them are:

* CSA (Canadian Standards Association) standard C22.2 number 60-M1990 for Arc welding equipment.
* UL (Underwriters Laboratory) rating 94VO flammability testing for all printed-circuit boards used.
* IEC 974-1 (BS 638-PT10) (EN 60 974-1) applicable to welding equipment and associated accessories.
* Extensive product design verification is conducted at the manufacturing facility as part of the routine design and manufacturing process, to ensure the product is safe and performs as specified. Rigorous testing is incorporated into the manufacturing process to ensure the manufactured product meets or exceeds all design specifications.

Thermal Dynamics has been manufacturing products that perform in a safe manner for more than 30 years and will continue to achieve excellence in our area of manufacture.

Manufacturers responsible representative: David Ashworth
Vice President & Managing Director
Thermadyne Europe
Chorley England.
1.08 STATEMENT OF WARRANTY

LIMITED WARRANTY: Thermal Dynamics Corporation (hereinafter “Thermal”) warrants that its products will be free of defects in workmanship or material. Should any failure to conform to this warranty appear within the time period applicable to the Thermal products as stated below, Thermal shall, upon notification thereof and substantiation that the product has been stored, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with Thermal’s specifications, instructions, recommendations and recognized standard industry practice, and not subject to misuse, repair, neglect, alteration, or accident, correct such defects by suitable repair or replacement, at Thermal’s sole option, of any components or parts of the product determined by Thermal to be defective.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE AND IS IN LIEU OF ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY: Thermal shall not under any circumstances be liable for special or consequential damages, such as, but not limited to, damage or loss of purchased or replacement goods, or claims of customers of distributor (hereinafter “Purchaser”) for service interruption. The remedies of the Purchaser set forth herein are exclusive and the liability of Thermal with respect to any contract, or anything done in connection therewith such as the performance or breach thereof, or from the manufacture, sale, delivery, resale, or use of any goods covered by or furnished by Thermal whether arising out of contract, negligence, strict tort, or under any warranty, or otherwise, shall not, except as expressly provided herein, exceed the price of the goods upon which such liability is based.

THIS WARRANTY BECOMES INVALID IF REPLACEMENT PARTS OR ACCESSORIES ARE USED WHICH MAY IMPAIR THE SAFETY OR PERFORMANCE OF ANY THERMAL PRODUCT.

THIS WARRANTY IS INVALID IF THE PRODUCT IS SOLD BY NON-AUTHORIZED PERSONS.

The limited warranty periods for Thermal products shall be as follows: A maximum of three (3) years from date of sale to an authorized distributor and a maximum of two (2) years from date of sale by such distributor to the Purchaser, and with the following further limitations on such two (2) year period:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PAK UNITS, POWER SUPPLIES</th>
<th>PARTS</th>
<th>LABOR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MAIN POWER MAGNETICS</td>
<td>2 YEARS</td>
<td>1 YEAR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORIGINAL MAIN POWER RECTIFIER</td>
<td>2 YEARS</td>
<td>1 YEAR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONTROL PC BOARD</td>
<td>2 YEARS</td>
<td>1 YEAR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL OTHER CIRCUITS AND COMPONENTS</td>
<td>1 YEAR</td>
<td>1 YEAR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, STARTING CIRCUIT, CONTACTORS, RELAYS, SOLENOIDS, PUMPS, POWER SWITCHING SEMI-CONDUCTORS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONSOLES, CONTROL EQUIPMENT, HEAT</td>
<td>1 YEAR</td>
<td>1 YEAR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EXCHANGES, AND ACCESSORY EQUIPMENT</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TORCH AND LEADS</td>
<td>180 DAYS</td>
<td>180 DAYS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPAIR/REPLACEMENT PARTS</td>
<td>90 DAYS</td>
<td>90 DAYS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Warranty repairs or replacement claims under this limited warranty must be submitted by an authorized Thermal Arc® repair facility within thirty (30) days of the repair. Authorized Thermal Arc® repair facilities are authorized distributors and authorized Thermal Arc® Service Centers. No transportation costs of any kind will be paid under this warranty. Transportation charges to send products to an authorized warranty repair facility shall be the responsibility of the customer. All returned goods shall be at the customer’s risk and expense. This warranty supersedes all previous Thermal warranties.

Thermal Arc® is a Registered Trademark of Thermal Dynamics.

Effective January 18, 1991
2.0 INTRODUCTION AND DESCRIPTION

2.01 Description

The Thermal Arc™ Model 130 GTS and S are single-phase DC arc welding power sources with Constant Current (CC) output characteristics. Each GTS unit is equipped with a built-in Sloper, Pulser, gas control solenoid, Lift Start TIG, and a High-Frequency arc starter for use with Gas Tungsten Arc Welding (GTAW). All units are designed for use with Shielded Metal Arc Welding (SMAW) and Gas Tungsten Arc Welding-Lift Start processes.

Figure 1. Model 130 GTS and S CC/TIG Volt-Ampere curves

NOTE Volt-Ampere curves show the maximum Voltage and Amperage output capabilities of the welding power source. Curves of other settings will fall between the curves shown.
2.02 Functional Block Diagrams

Figure 2 illustrates the functional block diagram of both the GTS and S models within the 100 Series power supplies. The shaded areas show the common subsystems discussed in this section.

**Figure 2. Functional block diagram**
2.03 Transporting Methods

These units are equipped with one handle and a shoulder strap for carrying purposes.

**WARNING**  ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- DO NOT TOUCH live electrical parts.
- Disconnect input power conductors from de-energized supply line before moving welding power source.

**WARNING**  FALLING EQUIPMENT can cause serious personal injury and equipment damage.

- Lift unit with handle or shoulder strap on top of case.
- Use hand cart or similar device of adequate capacity.
- If using a fork lift vehicle, place and secure unit on a proper skid before transporting.
- This unit has a built-in handle and shoulder strap on top of case for lifting. Be sure unit is lifted and transported safely and securely.
2.04 Electrical Input Connections

**WARNING**
ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill; SIGNIFICANT DC VOLTAGE is present after removal of input power.

- DO NOT TOUCH live electrical parts.
- SHUT DOWN welding power source, disconnect input power employing lockout/tagging procedures. Lockout/tagging procedures consist of padlocking line disconnect switch in open position, removing fuses from fuse box, or shutting off and red-tagging circuit breaker or other disconnecting device.

Operate the welding power source from a single-phase 50/60 Hz, AC power supply. The input voltage must match one of the electrical input voltages shown on the input data label on the unit nameplate. Contact the local electric utility for information about the type of electrical service available, how proper connections should be made, and inspection required.

The line disconnect switch provides a safe and convenient means to completely remove all electrical power from the welding power supply whenever necessary to inspect or service the unit.

**NOTE**
These units are equipped with a two-conductor with earth power cable that is connected at the welding power source end for single-phase electrical input power.

- Do not connect an input (WHITE or BLACK) conductor to the ground terminal.
- Do not connect the ground (GREEN) conductor to an input line terminal.

Refer to figure 3 and:

1) Connect end of ground (GREEN) conductor to a suitable ground. Use a grounding method that complies with all applicable electrical codes.
2) Connect ends of line 1 (BLACK) and line 2 (WHITE) input conductors to a de-energized line disconnect switch.
3) Use Table 1 below as a guide to select line fuses for the disconnect switch.

**Table 1. Fuse Size Selection**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input Power/Input Voltage</th>
<th>Fuse Size (Amperes)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single-Phase Model 130GTS/S</td>
<td>130GTS/S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>208-230 VAC</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115 VAC</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOTE: Continuous output on 115VAC/20 Amp circuit breaker for fuse: 92 Amps/13 Vdc (TIG), 51 Amps/23 Vdc (STICK).

NOTE: Fuse size is based on not more than 200 percent of the rated input amperage of the welding power source (Based on Article 630, National Electrical Code).

Input Power

SmartLink® – Each unit incorporates an INRUSH circuit and input voltage sensing circuit. When the MAIN CIRCUIT BREAKER is turned ON, the INRUSH circuit provides a pre-charging of the input capacitors. SCR’s in the Integrated Power Module (IPM) will turn on after the input capacitors have charged to full operating voltage (after approximately 5 seconds). During pre-charge, the control logic board is sensing the input voltage and configuring the IPM input and control circuits to match the input voltage. The Power Supply is configured to the highest input voltage when the MAIN CIRCUIT BREAKER is in the OFF position.

NOTE: Note the available input power. Damage to the IPM will occur if 460VAC is applied.

- 115VAC 50/60Hz single-phase
- 208VAC 50/60Hz single-phase
- 230VAC 50/60Hz single-phase
## 2.05 Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter/Model</th>
<th>Model 130 GTS/S CC/TIG</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rated Output</strong></td>
<td>@ 230 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amperes</td>
<td>130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volts</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duty Cycle</td>
<td>40% at 130 A/15 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@ 230 V Input</td>
<td>25% at 100 A/25 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@ 115 V Input</td>
<td>40% at 85 A/13 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25% at 85 A/23 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Range (Min. - Max.)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amperes</td>
<td>5-130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@ 230 V Input</td>
<td>5-85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volts</td>
<td>10-25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Over Current Voltage</strong></td>
<td>64 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum OCV</td>
<td>50/60 Hz</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Dimensions/Weight</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width</td>
<td>5.1 in (130mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height</td>
<td>9.5 in (240mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length</td>
<td>11.8 in (300mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight (with Cable)</td>
<td>18.7 lb (8.5 kg.)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Output At Rated Load</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input data 50/60 Hz/Duty Cycle</td>
<td>40% at 130 A/15 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>208 VAC 1-Phase</td>
<td>17.5 A / 3.6 KVA / 2.3 KV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>21.5 A / 4.5 KVA / 2.8 KV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230 VAC 1-Phase</td>
<td>40% at 130 A/15 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>16.0 A / 3.6 KVA / 2.3 KV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>19.5 A / 4.5 KVA / 2.8 KV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115 VAC 1-Phase</td>
<td>40% at 85 A/13 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18.0 A / 2.1 KVA / 1.3 KV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>32.0 A / 3.6 KVA / 2.3 KV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Output At No Load</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input data 50/60 Hz/Duty Cycle</td>
<td>2.5 A / 0.5 KVA / 0.3 KV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>208 VAC 1-Phase</td>
<td>2.5 A / 0.5 KVA / 0.3 KV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230 VAC 1-Phase</td>
<td>2.0 A / 0.5 KVA / 0.3 KV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115 VAC 1-Phase</td>
<td>1.0 A / 0.5 KVA / 0.3 KV</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.06 Duty Cycle

The duty cycle of a welding power source is the percentage of a ten (10) minute period that it can be operated at a given output without causing overheating and damage to the unit. If the welding amperes decrease, the duty cycle increases. If the welding amperes are increased beyond the rated output, the duty cycle will decrease.

EXCEEDING THE DUTY CYCLE RATINGS WILL CAUSE THE THERMAL OVERLOAD PROTECTION CIRCUIT TO BECOME ENERGIZED AND SHUT DOWN THE OUTPUT UNTIL THE UNIT HAS COOLED TO NORMAL OPERATING TEMPERATURE.

CONTINUALLY EXCEEDING THE DUTY CYCLE RATINGS CAN CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE WELDING POWER SOURCE.

The following are Duty Cycle plots for various conditions.
3.0 OPERATOR CONTROLS

3.01 GTS Models

1. **Amperage Control** - The Amperage Control selects the desired amperage within the entire range of the welding power source. Rotating this control in a clockwise direction increases the amperage output. The scale surrounding the amperage control represents approximate actual amperage values.

2. **Pulse Frequency Control** - The Pulse Frequency control provides a means of selecting the pulse frequency when the Pulse switch is in the H (HIGH) or L (LOW) position. Rotating the control clockwise increases the pulse frequency. The two scales surrounding the control represent approximate actual values. The pulse frequency is adjustable from 0.5 to 25 Hz in LOW and 10 to 500 Hz in HIGH.

3. **Sloper Switch** - When in the OFF position the Sloper is inactive. Selecting the ON position activates the Sloper. Selecting the SPOT position activates the spot welding timer. The Slope sequence and spot modes are activated by a remote ON/OFF switch connected to the 8-Pin receptacle. See the section on Slope sequence.

4. **Pulser Switch** - When in the OFF position the Pulser is inactive. Selecting H (HIGH) or L (LOW) will activate the TIG pulser. The Pulse Frequency can be adjusted by the Pulse Frequency control. Pulse width is fixed at 50%. Background current is fixed at 1/5th of the peak current.

5. **Process Selector Switch** - The Process Selector Switch allows the operator to select the STICK welding (SMAW) process, LIFT TIG (GTAW) or HF TIG (GTAW) process.

6. **Spot Time Up/Down Slope Control** - This control provides Spot, Up and Down slope time control. Rotating the control clockwise increases the time. The scale surrounding the control represents approximate actual values. The Spot and Up slope time is adjustable from 0.5 to 5 seconds. The Down slope time is twice the Up slope time at 1 to 10 seconds.

7. **Warning Indicator** - The Warning Indicator located on the front panel will become activated under the following conditions:
   - Input voltage is too low
   - Input voltage too high
   - Thermal overload

8. **AC Power Indicator** - The AC Power Indicator located on the front panel lights when the Primary Power Switch is in the ON position, indicating the unit is energized.

9. **8-Pin Receptacle** - Used for remote contactor and amperage controls

10. **Output Gas Fitting** - Gas output; fitting size 5/8"-18 unf female

*Figure 4a. GTS model front operator controls*
13 Positive Terminal - 25mm DIN-style female receptacle.
12 Negative Terminal - 25mm DIN-style female receptacle.
13 Main Circuit Breaker - Placing the Main Circuit Breaker located on the rear panel to the ON position energizes the welding power source.
14 Input Cable - 10 feet; size 12/3 cable
15 Input Gas Fitting - The input gas connection is located on the bottom center of the rear panel. Size 5/8" -18 unf female
16 Hot Start Control - The Hot Start Control operates in the STICK and HF TIG modes. The Hot Start time is approximately 0.01 seconds in TIG and 0.06 seconds in STICK. The current value is adjusted from 0 to 100 Amps over the determined weld current set by the Amperage Control. Rotating the control clockwise increases Hot Start current.

Gas Solenoid - The pre-flow is fixed at 150 ms. Post-flow is automatically adjusted from 1 to 15 seconds by the position of the welding Amperage Control.

Sloper Sequence -
A. Remote ON/OFF switch closed - Pre-flow starts to flow. In HF TIG mode HF and initial current is present after pre-flow. (In LIFT TIG mode HF is not present.) Initial current is 1/5th of the welding current.

B. Remote ON/OFF switch opened - Current increases to welding current at the rate set by the UP/DOWN Slope control. Welding current is set by the Amperage Control.

C. Remote ON/OFF switch closed - Current decreases to final current at half the rate set for UP Slope. Final current is 1/5th of welding current.

D. Remote ON/OFF switch opened - Arc shuts off and post-flow time initiated.
3.0 OPERATOR CONTROLS (CON’T)

3.02 S Models

1. **Amperage Control** - The Amperage Control selects the desired amperage within the entire range of the welding power source. Rotating this control in a clockwise direction increases the amperage output. The scale surrounding the amperage control represents approximate actual amperage values.

2. **Process Selector Switch** - The Process Selector Switch allows the operator to select the operating mode. Pre-revision B models have a two-position switch that selects between the STICK welding (SMAW) and LIFT TIG (GTAW) process controlled by a remote device. Revision B and higher models have a three-position switch that selects between the STICK Panel Welding (SMAW) process with contactor turned on, the LIFT TIG Panel welding (GTAW) process with the contactor turned on, and the LIFT TIG Remote welding (GTAW) process with remote contact closure control, which requires a remote device.

3. **Warning Indicator** - The Warning Indicator located on the front panel will become activated under the following conditions:
   - Input voltage is too low
   - Input voltage too high
   - Thermal overload

4. **AC Power Indicator** - The AC Power Indicator located on the front panel lights when the Primary Power Switch is in the ON position, indicating the unit is energized.

5. **8-Pin Receptacle** - Used for remote contactor and amperage controls


7. **Negative Terminal** - 25mm DIN-style female receptacle.

8. **Hot Start Control** - The Hot Start Control operates in the STICK mode only. The Hot Start time is approximately 0.06 seconds. The current value is adjusted from 0 to 100 Amps over the determined weld current set by the Amperage Control. Rotating the control clockwise increases Hot Start current.

*Figure 5a. S model front panel operator controls*
9 Main Circuit Breaker - Placing the Main Circuit Breaker located on the rear panel to the ON position energizes the welding power source.

10 Input Cable - 10 feet; size 12/3 cable

Figure 5b. S model rear panel operator controls
3.03 GTS – Setup for Operation
Shielded Metal Arc Welding (SMAW)

WARNING
Read and follow all safety precautions on pages 2-5 of this manual before proceeding with operation.

1. Install and connect unit according to the installation instructions in section 2.04, page 18, of this manual.

2. Wear dry insulating gloves and clothing.

3. Connect work clamp to clean, bare metal at workpiece. For the majority of electrodes in use, the work clamp is connected to the GROUND or NEGATIVE terminal.

4. Select proper electrode.

5. Refer to the Operator Control section, page 22, and set the controls per the following:
   b. Rotate the AMPERAGE control [1] to output current level desired.

6. Insert electrode into electrode holder. For the majority of electrodes in use, the electrode holder is connected to the POSITIVE terminal.

7. Wear welding helmet with proper filter lens according to ANSI Z49.1.

8. Place the PRIMARY POWER switch [13] to ON.

3.03 GTS – Setup for Operation

Gas Tungsten Arc Welding (GTAW) High Frequency/Lift Start

**WARNING**  Read and follow all safety precautions on pages 2-5 of this manual before proceeding with operation.

1. Install and connect unit according to the installation instructions in section 2.04, page 18, of this manual.

2. Select proper tungsten electrode (refer to Electrode Selection Table 3, Page 34).

3. Prepare tungsten electrode and insert into torch. For the majority of electrodes in use, the electrode is connected to the NEGATIVE output terminal.

4. Wear dry insulating gloves and clothing.

5. Connect remote control device to 8-Pin receptacle.

6. Connect work clamp to clean, bare metal at workpiece. For the majority of electrodes in use, the work clamp is connected to the POSITIVE output terminal.

7. Refer to the Operator Control section, page 22, and set the controls per the following:

   a. PROCESS SELECTOR switch [5] to desired Gas Tungsten Arc Welding position. (LIFT or HF Start)
   b. Rotate the AMPERAGE control [1] to output current level desired.

8. Turn on shielding gas.

9. Wear welding helmet with proper filter lens according to ANSI Z49.1.

10. Place the PRIMARY POWER switch [13] to ON.
11. Activate remote control device.
   a. In LIFT TIG mode, touch electrode to work and lift to start arc.
   b. In HF TIG mode, high frequency will start, followed by welding arc.
      The distance between the tungsten to the plate where the arc will be
      established will vary with the setting of the HOT START control.


**WARNING**
HIGH CONCENTRATION OF SHIELDING GAS can impair health or kill.
Shut off gas supply when not in use.
3.03 GTS – Setup for Operation

Gas Tungsten Arc Welding -Pulsed (GTAW-P) -Sloped (GTAW-S) -TIG Spot

**WARNING**  Read and follow all safety precautions on pages 2-5 of this manual before proceeding with operation.

1. Install and connect unit according to the installation instructions in section 2.04, page 18, of this manual.

2. Select proper tungsten electrode (refer to Electrode Selection Table 3, Page 34).

3. Prepare tungsten electrode and insert into torch. For the majority of electrodes in use, the electrode is connected to the NEGATIVE output terminal.

4. Wear dry insulating gloves and clothing.

5. Connect remote control device to 8-Pin receptacle.

6. Connect work clamp to clean, bare metal at workpiece. For the majority of electrodes in use, the work clamp is connected to the POSITIVE output terminal.

7. Refer to Operator Control section, page 22, and set the controls per the following:

   I. PROCESS SELECTOR switch [5] to desired gas tungsten arc welding position. LIFT or HF TIG.

   A. PULSE TIG welding
      1. PULSER SELECTOR switch [4] to desired frequency pulse of high or low.
      2. Rotate the AMPERAGE control [1] to desired output current level.

   B. SLOPE TIG welding
      2. Rotate AMPERAGE control [1] to desire welding current level.

      **NOTE:** Use a remote ON/OFF switch to control SLOPE sequence. See Operator Control section page 22. A **remote ON/OFF device with current control will disable the SLOPER.**
C. SPOT TIG welding
2. Rotate AMPERAGE control [1] to desired spot welding current level.
   Note: The SPOT TIMER is disabled in the LIFT TIG mode. To use the SPOT TIMER, use the HF START mode.

8. Turn on shielding gas and water supplies as applicable.
9. Wear welding helmet with proper filter lens according to ANSI Z49.1.
10. Place the PRIMARY POWER switch [13] to ON.
11. Activate remote control device.
   a. In LIFT TIG mode, touch electrode to work and lift to start arc.
   b. In HF TIG mode, high frequency will start, followed by welding arc.

NOTES
a. In LIFT TIG mode, touch electrode to work and lift to start arc.
   b. In HF TIG mode, high frequency will start, followed by welding arc.

WARNING
HIGH CONCENTRATION OF SHIELDING GAS can impair health or kill.
Shut off gas supply when not in use.

Shutting Down
13. Stop welding.
15. Turn off the shielding gas and water supplies if applicable.
3.04 S – Setup for Operation

Shielded Metal Arc Welding (SMAW)

**WARNING**

Read and follow all safety precautions on pages 2-5 of this manual before proceeding with operation.

1. Install and connect unit according to the installation instructions in section 2.04, page 18, of this manual.

2. Wear dry insulating gloves and clothing.

3. Connect work clamp to clean, bare metal at workpiece. For the majority of electrodes in use, the work clamp is connected to the NEGATIVE output terminal.

4. Select proper electrode.

5. Refer to the Operator Control section, page 24, and set the controls per the following:
   b. Rotate the AMPERAGE control [1] to output current level desired.

6. Insert electrode into electrode holder. For the majority of electrodes in use, the electrode is connected to the POSITIVE output terminal.

7. Wear welding helmet with proper filter lens according to ANSI Z49.1.

8. Place the PRIMARY POWER switch [9] to ON.

3.04 S – Setup for Operation

Gas Tungsten Arc Welding (GTAW) Lift Start

**WARNING**  
Read and follow all safety precautions on pages 2-5 of this manual before proceeding with operation.

1. Install and connect unit according to the installation instructions in section 2.04, page 18, of this manual.

2. Select proper tungsten electrode (refer to Electrode Selection Table 3, Page 34).

3. Prepare tungsten electrode and insert into torch. For the majority of electrodes in use, the electrode is connected to the NEGATIVE output terminal.

4. Wear dry insulating gloves and clothing.

5. Connect remote control device to 8-Pin receptacle.

6. Connect work clamp to clean, bare metal at workpiece. For the majority of electrodes in use, the work clamp is connected to the POSITIVE output terminal.

7. Refer to Operator Control section, page 24, and set the controls per the following:
   b. Rotate the AMPERAGE control [1] to output current level desired.

8. Turn on shielding gas.

9. Wear welding helmet with proper filter lens according to ANSI Z49.1.
10. Place the PRIMARY POWER switch [9] to ON.

11. Activate remote control device.
   a. In LIFT TIG mode, touch electrode to work and lift to start arc.


**NOTES**

**WARNING**  HIGH CONCENTRATION OF SHIELDING GAS can impair health or kill. Shut off gas supply when not in use.
Table 2. Fuse Size Selection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input Power/Input Voltage</th>
<th>Fuse Size (Amperes)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single-Phase Model 130GTS</td>
<td>Model 130S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>208-230 VAC</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115 VAC</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE**
Continuous output on 115VAC/20 Amp circuit breaker for fuse: 92 Amps/13 Vdc (TIG), 51 Amps/23 Vdc (Stick).

**NOTE**
Fuse size is based on not more than 200 percent of the rated input amperage of the welding power source (Based on Article 630, National Electrical Code).

Table 3. Electrode Selection Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Electrode/Diameter</th>
<th>DC-Argon Electrode Negative/Straight Polarity</th>
<th>DC-Argon Electrode Positive/Reverse Polarity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pure Tungsten (Green Band)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.010 in. (0.25mm)</td>
<td>1-15</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.020 in. (0.51mm)</td>
<td>5-20</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.040 in. (1.02mm)</td>
<td>15-80</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/16 in. (1.59mm)</td>
<td>70-150</td>
<td>10-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/32 in. (2.38mm)</td>
<td>125-225</td>
<td>15-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/8 in. (3.18mm)</td>
<td>225-360</td>
<td>25-40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/32 in. (3.97mm)</td>
<td>360-450</td>
<td>40-55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/16 in. (4.76mm)</td>
<td>450-720</td>
<td>55-80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/4 in. (6.35mm)</td>
<td>720-950</td>
<td>80-125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2% Thorium Alloyed Tungsten (Red Band)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.010 in. (0.25mm)</td>
<td>1-25</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.020 in. (0.51mm)</td>
<td>15-40</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.040 in. (1.02mm)</td>
<td>25-85</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/16 in. (1.59mm)</td>
<td>50-160</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/32 in. (2.38mm)</td>
<td>135-235</td>
<td>15-30</td>
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<td>25-40</td>
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<tr>
<td>5/32 in. (3.97mm)</td>
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<td>40-55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/16 in. (4.76mm)</td>
<td>500-750</td>
<td>55-80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/4 in. (6.35mm)</td>
<td>750-1,000</td>
<td>80-125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duty Cycle</td>
<td>100-60%</td>
<td>60-100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Welding Amperes</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>150</td>
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<td>100</td>
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<td>300</td>
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<td>1/0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400</td>
<td>1/0</td>
<td>2/0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.0 BASIC TROUBLESHOOTING

General
Troubleshooting and repairing this unit is a process which should be undertaken only by those familiar with high voltage, high power electronic equipment.

WARNING
There are extremely dangerous voltage and power levels present inside this unit. Do not attempt to diagnose or repair unless you have had training in power electronics measurement and troubleshooting techniques.

4.01 Common Welding Operation Faults

The following are some of the more common operating faults that occur during welding operations:

A. Power
   Main power not connected
   Main power not turned on
   Main ON/OFF switch set of OFF position

B. Poor Weld
   Wrong polarity
   Wrong electrode used
   Electrode not properly prepared
   Incorrect welding amperage setting
   Speed too slow or too fast
   Incorrect switch settings for intended operation
   Poor weld output connection(s)

C. Remote Operation
   Incorrect switch settings
   Remote not connected

If the problem is not resolved after checking the above, the following guide may suggest more specific items to check given the faulty operating symptom(s) you are experiencing.

4.02 Specific Problems

How to Use This Guide
The following information is a guide to help you determine the most likely causes for various symptoms.

This guide is set up in the following manner:

A. Symptom (Bold Type)
   Any special instructions (Text Type)
   1. Cause (Italic Type)
      a. Check/Remedy (Text Type)

Locate your symptom, check the cause(s) (the simplest or most likely is listed first), then perform the remedy given. Repair as needed being sure to verify that the unit is fully operational after any repairs.
A. No Weld Output; Unit is Completely Inoperative
   1. Line disconnect switch is in OFF position
      a. Place line disconnect switch in ON position.
   2. Line fuse(s) open
      a. Check and replace line fuse(s).
   3. Improper electrical input connections
      a. See Section 2.04 Electrical Input Connections, page 18, for proper input connections.
   4. PRIMARY POWER switch/MAIN CIRCUIT BREAKER in OFF position
      a. Check and reset MAIN CIRCUIT BREAKER if necessary.

B. WARNING Indicator is ON
   1. Unit is in thermal shutdown mode
      a. Allow cooling period of approximately five (5) minutes with the power ON. Duty cycle should be reviewed. To reset the WARNING indicator, the power supply must be turned OFF, then ON again.

C. Erratic or Improper Weld Output
   1. Loose welding cable connections
      a. Tighten all welding cable connections.
   2. Incorrect welding cable size
      a. Use proper size and type of cable (see Table 4, page 35).
   3. Improper input connections
      a. Refer to Section 2.04 Electrical Input Connections, page 18.
   4. Poor electrode condition
      a. Replace electrode.

D. Wandering Arc, Poor Control of Arc Direction
   1. Wrong size tungsten electrode, typically larger than recommended
      a. Use proper size electrode for amperage selected (see Table 4 page 35).
   2. Improperly prepared tungsten electrode
      a. Prepare tungsten properly.
   3. Gas flow rate too high
      a. Reduce flow rate.
   4. Drafts blowing shielding gas away from tungsten electrode
      a. Shield weld zone from drafts and check condition of tungsten electrode.
   5. Loose gas fitting on regulator or gas line drawing air into weld zone
      a. Check and tighten all gas fittings.
   6. Water in torch
      a. Refer to torch parts list for part(s) requiring replacement and repair torch as necessary.

E. No High Frequency (GTS models only)
   1. PROCESS SELECTOR switch is not in the HF TIG position
      a. Place switch in HF TIG position.
   2. Drafts blowing shielding gas away from tungsten electrode
      a. Shield weld zone from drafts and check condition of tungsten electrode.
3. Insufficient postflow time
   a. Increase postflow time.
4. Loose gas fitting on regulator or gas line drawing air into weld zone
   a. Check and tighten all gas fittings.
5. Water in torch
   a. Refer to torch parts list for part(s) requiring replacement and repair torch as necessary.
6. Tungsten condition is poor
   a. Replace electrode.

F. Lack of High Frequency; Difficulty in Establishing an Arc
1. Dissipation of high frequency from torch cable or conductive gas hose
   a. Be sure that the torch cable is not near any grounded metal. Do not use conductive gas hose.
2. Weld cable leakage
   a. Check cables and torch for cracked or deteriorated insulation or bad connections. Repair or replace necessary parts.
4.03 REMOTE 8-Pin Connections

The REMOTE 8-Pin receptable is used to connect any of the following equipment to the welding power source circuitry:

- Remote Hand Pendant
- Remote Foot Control
- Remote Contactor Control
- Remote Amperage Control

To make connections, align keyway, insert plug, and rotate threaded collar fully clockwise. The socket information is included in the event the supplied cord is not suitable and it is necessary to wire a plug or cord to interface with the REMOTE 8-Pin receptacle.

![Socket Diagram](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Socket</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Chassis common</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Remote contactor control when contact closure is provided between sockets 2 and 3 (GND)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Remote contactor control when contact closure is provided between sockets 2 and 3 (+24 V DC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Remote amperage control when contact closure is provided between sockets 4 and 8 (+12 V DC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Amperage remote control (MINIMUM); PC board common; use as return for remote control inputs/outputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Amperage remote control (MAXIMUM) input command signal; +4 volts for maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Remote amperage reference signal (WIPER); 0 volts to +4 volts (peak current set by main rheostat)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Remote amperage control when contact closure is provided between sockets 4 and 8 (SIGNAL)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Figure 6. REMOTE 8-Pin Connections*
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REMOTE CONTROL</th>
<th>CAT. NO</th>
<th>ARC ON/OFF CONTROL</th>
<th>CURRENT ON/OFF CONTROL</th>
<th>LENGTH</th>
<th>CONNECTORS</th>
<th>APPLICABLE TORCH HANDLE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Torch Switch</td>
<td>10-4006</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>15'/4.6m</td>
<td>8-Pin (Male)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torch Switch</td>
<td>10-4007</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>25'/7.6m</td>
<td>8-Pin (Male)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torch Switch</td>
<td>10-4008</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>15'/4.6m</td>
<td>8-Pin (Male)</td>
<td>5/8 - 7/8&quot;/16mm-22mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torch Switch</td>
<td>10-4009</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>15'/4.6m</td>
<td>8-Pin (Male)</td>
<td>7/8&quot; - 1 1/8&quot;/22mm-29mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torch Switch</td>
<td>10-4010</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>15'/4.6m</td>
<td>8-Pin (Male)</td>
<td>1 1/8&quot; - 1 3/8&quot;/29mm-35mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torch Switch</td>
<td>10-4011</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>25'/7.6m</td>
<td>8-Pin (Male)</td>
<td>5/8&quot; - 7/8&quot;/16mm-22mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torch Switch</td>
<td>10-4012</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>25'/7.6m</td>
<td>8-Pin (Male)</td>
<td>7/8&quot; - 11/8&quot;/22mm-29mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torch Switch</td>
<td>10-4013</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>25'/7.6m</td>
<td>8-Pin (Male)</td>
<td>1 1/8&quot; - 1 3/8&quot;/29mm-35mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hand Pendant</td>
<td>10-4014</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>25'/7.6m</td>
<td>8-Pin (Male)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foot Control</td>
<td>10-4015</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>15'/4.6m</td>
<td>8-Pin (Male)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foot Control</td>
<td>10-4016</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>25'/7.6m</td>
<td>8-Pin (Male)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Extension Cables for Remote Controls</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ext. Cable 10-4017 X X 3'/.9m 8-Pin (Male) &amp; 8-Pin (Female)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ext. Cable 10-4018 X X 15'/4.6m 8-Pin (Male) &amp; 8-Pin (Female)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ext. Cable 10-4019 X X 25'/7.6m 8-Pin (Male) &amp; 8-Pin (Female)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ext. Cable 10-4020 X X 50'/15.2m 8-Pin (Male) &amp; 8-Pin (Female)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ext. Cable 10-4021 X X 75'/22.8m 8-Pin (Male) &amp; 8-Pin (Female)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ext. Cable 10-4022 X X 100'/30.4m 8-Pin (Male) &amp; 8-Pin (Female)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Miscellaneous Accessories (Kits are provided assembled ready to install)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIG Kit; S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIG Kit; GTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STICK Kit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dinse Connector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adapter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following pages contain the interconnection diagrams for all 130 GTS and S models in current production, to aid in the identification of replacement parts.
+12VDC Supply (Brown)
-12VDC Supply (Red)
0 to -12VDC Current Output Detect (Orange)
GND (Yellow)

CN1
(Front View)

PCB3
Logic Circuit Board
[WK3406]

CN2
8
6
7
13
24
5

PCB4
Front Panel Circuit Board
[WK3407]

CT1
Black

Black
+12VDC Supply (Brown)
-12VDC Supply (Red)
0 to -12VDC Current Output Detect (Orange)
GND (Yellow)

L1

CN3
R1
AC1
AC2

PCB5
Output Filter

CN4

PCB6

CN5

PCB7

CN6

PCB8

CN7

Torch Switch Control (Blue)
Torch Switch Control (Violet)

TS1
TS2

Output
Filter
Network

U.S.
Europe

- Output Terminal

+ Output Terminal

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REMOTE POTENTIOMETER MINIMUM

REMOTE POTENTIOMETER Maximum

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